

North Carolina Standard

SEMI-WEEKLY, \$4 PER ANNUM.

PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS.

WEEKLY, \$2 PER ANNUM.

VOL. II.

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1851.

NO. 7.

THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY, BY
WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. Two dollars per annum in advance, or within the first month; Two dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY. Four dollars per annum, in advance, or within the first month; Four dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

THE above rules will be inflexibly adhered to. ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding fourteen lines will be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five lines for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Court orders and Judicial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above rates. A reasonable reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.

Subscribers, and others, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by Mail and at this risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted. Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c.

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.,
ARE now receiving large additions to their stock of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS, Window Glass, Perfumery, &c.

from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased for an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and accuracy.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit a continuance.

Raleigh, April 28, 1851. 49-

WARRENTON HOTEL.

Warrenton, N. C.
THE undersigned would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased and taken charge of the above famous known Hotel, formerly occupied by James L. Owen, Esq., in the town of Warrenton, where he is prepared to accommodate all who may call on him, and it shall be his aim to keep up the former reputation of the house, at least.

TIPPOO S. BROWNLOW.
November 6, 1851. 893-w4w.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

THE undersigned takes an early occasion to give notice, that he will be at the house of a few days, to supply all orders for oysters on credit, for the first time.

Norfolk Oysters,
received direct, in twenty four hours, from their beds in the "briny deep." All who wish to see the great luxury of the season, will please send in their orders to

W. R. PEPPER, Agent.
November 7th, 1851. 3-0t.

NOTICE.

TAKEN up and committed to the jail of Caswell County, on the 23rd day of October, 1851, a Negro man, who says his name is SIMON, and that he belongs to John Segars, or Segars, of Chesterfield District, South Carolina. Said Negro is about 36 years old, five feet, four or five inches high, his front teeth decayed, had on when taken up a Wool hat, dark brown Woolen coat and pantaloons. The owner is required to prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs. F. A. WILLY, Sheriff.

October 24th, 1851. 892-w2m.

Music and Pianos.

JUST RECEIVED, at the North Carolina Music Store, 2,000 pieces of new and elegant Music, among which may be found the songs of Miss Catharine Hayes, with correct illustrations of the "Songs of Erin." Also, the Bloomer Waltzes and Polkas, with splendid colored vignettes of the Bloomer; also, Passadilla, &c.

K. W. PETERSILIA.
September 26, 1851. 94-tf.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

THE undersigned, being desirous to move, offers for sale his valuable tract of land, lying on Crabtree and Pine Creeks, six miles North-west of Raleigh, on the Hillsboro' road, a first rate stand for business. The tract contains 320 acres, only 40 acres of which is cleared, and the balance is rich and well timbered. A bargain can be had if early application is made.

STERLING SPIKES.
Wack County, Nov. 11, 1851. 893-3w.

"STILL THEY COME."

FOUR Cases more of Beebe's best Hat, latest style. Also, a few pieces North Carolina Cassimere, made at Rock Island Factory, Mecklenburg County; Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Dove Skin Cassimere, Calico, Dometics, Call Boots, heavy double soled Brogans. Just received by

EVANS & COOKE.
Raleigh, Nov. 4th, 1851. 2-

LAND FOR SALE.

THE undersigned offers for sale his tract of LAND, near Eaparthorough, Johnston County, consisting of 375 acres, and embracing some very good soil and some good one for a Physician, and I will also sell my lot of Medicines to any one wishing to purchase.

A liberal credit for the same will be given on note and good security. E. R. POWER.
September 18, 1851. 92-3m.

By SAMUEL WARREN, F. R. S.

THE LILLY AND THE DEE: an Apologue of the Crystal Palace. HENRY D. TURNER. N. C. Bookstore. Raleigh, November, 1851. 2-

By JOHN S. SPRINGER, Esq.

FOREST LIFE and Forest Trees: comprising Winter Camp-Life among the Loggers, and Wild-Wood Adventure. Illustrated. For sale by H. D. TURNER, N. C. Bookstore. Raleigh, November, 1851. 2-

FOR sale, Wholesale and Retail, at the N. C. Book Store.

Turner's North Carolina Almanac, FOR 1852. For sale by HENRY D. TURNER. October 24, 1851. 102-

Elements of Algebra,

By Elias Loomis, Professor in the New York University. Received this day by H. D. TURNER. Raleigh, Sept. 27, 1851. 94-

PORTIS' GOLD MINES FOR SALE.

ON Saturday the 20th day of December next, on premises, I shall offer for sale, by virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity, entered in the matter of Thomas J. Portis and others, heirs at law of John Portis, deceased, the celebrated and far famed Gold Mines, known as the PORTIS' MINES.

These mines are situated in Franklin County about thirty miles from Halifax town, twenty miles from Warrenton, and eighteen from Louisville.

The tract of land contains about 1300 acres, lying immediately on Shocco Creek, and for farming purposes alone, is a valuable estate; but its agricultural value is completely eclipsed by its immense value as a mine.

There have been five instances in North Carolina, where an estate of such vast magnitude has been offered for sale publicly.

These mines have been worked about 18 years, and it is estimated that a million of dollars have been dug out of them—and there are parts of them now as rich as the sands of the Sacramento.

A large portion of the lands—the very choice parts, were carefully reserved by the late proprietor, which he has now called his "Purse of Gold."

The value and richness of these reserves are beyond all human calculations. An effort will be made to divide the mining lands, so as to bring the lots within the limits of individual enterprise—very few men being able to purchase the whole estate.

To the enterprising capitalist here is a most inviting field—even the portions that have been worked still abound with the precious ore, and those huge piles of rock and sand, by the ignorant thoughtless, and under the control of scientific men, would yield unnumbered thousands, after paying the cost of machinery and labor.

In many parts of the reserves it is believed that every cart-load of gravel will produce a penny-weight of gold dust. The water to wash is close at hand, and timber and fuel in abundance on the land. The dwelling house is large and convenient—also a large number of framed negro houses, almost new, together with necessary out houses. This land is sold for division among the numerous heirs, and it must go for what it will bring. A credit of one, two and three years will be given and bonds bearing interest from the 1st of January next, well secured, will be required of the purchaser, and possession given on the 1st of January 1852. Letters addressed to me at Louisville will receive prompt attention.

THOS. K. THOMAS, C. M. E.
Louisburg, Oct. 28, 1851. 891-3w.

MASONIC INSTITUTE.

GERMANTON, N. C.
GERMANTON LODGE No. 116 of Ancient York Masons, take pleasure in informing their brethren of the order, and the public generally, that they are about establishing at Germanton, an institution of a high grade of scholarship, for the education of

They, with many others, having long felt the want of a school of this character in this part of the South, have taken measures to build up an institution that will give to our young men every advantage for obtaining a thorough education in any part, or the whole of a College course. Students can be prepared for any of the College classes.

Mr. GEORGE M. EYERHART has been elected by the Board of Trustees as the PRINCIPAL. Mr. Eyerhart has had the experience of nearly seven years as Teacher—four years as the Principal of an Academy, and three as an instructor in one of the most popular colleges in the South. Marked success has attended his efforts in each of these departments. Moreover, if scholarship and untiring energy and a devotion to his profession, can recommend him to our people, he surely will receive their entire confidence. Several competent assistants will aid him, and such other means will be employed that shall raise the School at once to a position of superior usefulness.

The Edifice is a very large and elegant brick building. Germanton is remarkable for its healthy location, and the morality of its citizens. Board can be obtained for our best families at the low price of \$6 per month.

The scholastic year is divided into two unequal sessions, the first commencing on Tuesday, the 1st of January, 1852, continues 15 weeks. The second, commencing on the third Monday in June, continues 27 weeks.

The prices of tuition are as follows:

Ancient Languages, \$25 per year;
English and Mathematics, 18 - -
The Primary branches, 14 - -

The members of the Lodge are the Trustees of the Institute.

Committee in behalf of Trustees,
J. F. HILL, Dr. W. W. STEEDMAN,
A. SCALLES,
J. A. BITTING,
D. B. JONES,
E. BANNER,
Dr. W. WITHERS,
S. S. BLACKBURN.

Germanton, Oct. 20, 1851. 103-w1st Jan.

Important to Millers & Millwrights.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform those engaged in the Milling Business in N. C., that he keeps constantly on hand, and will supply at the shortest notice, that most invaluable article

YOUNG'S IMPROVED PATENT SMUT AND SCREENING MACHINE.

The only Machine of the kind that has stood the test and given satisfaction to the public. It has superseded every Smut Machine yet offered in the State, more of less of which have been taken down to make room for it. The public need fear no imposture, as there are now some 250 Machines running in N. C. and I wish to offer no other reference than the gentlemen who are using them, whose expectations have been more than realized in their performance. It not only thoroughly cleanses the Wheat of smut, but also purifies it of all other substances, until it is perfect. It takes up but 4 feet square in the Mill, and requires but little power. It is warranted for five years against breaking or wearing out, and also to retain its cleaning qualities for that time.

There are a number of these Machines through which 100,000 bushels of Wheat have been cleaned, and they have been taken down to make room for it. The public need fear no imposture, as there are now some 250 Machines running in N. C. and I wish to offer no other reference than the gentlemen who are using them, whose expectations have been more than realized in their performance. It not only thoroughly cleanses the Wheat of smut, but also purifies it of all other substances, until it is perfect. It takes up but 4 feet square in the Mill, and requires but little power. It is warranted for five years against breaking or wearing out, and also to retain its cleaning qualities for that time.

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Sale of Valuable Real Estate.

ON MONDAY, the 15th of December next, at the Court House Door, in the town of Oxford, I shall sell, by Public Auction, to the highest bidder, the House and Lot in said town, with the Lands thereto attached, for many years owned and occupied by Thomas B. Littlejohn, Esq.

It is not often that property so valuable and desirable is offered for sale. The improvements consist of a large well built two story Dwelling House, Kitchens, Dairies, Offices, Ice House, Granary, Carriage House, a large falling Garden, and all the other fixtures that usually belong to a well improved residence, in town or country.

The Dwelling House is 56 by 40, with four good rooms and 12 feet passages on each floor, four rooms in the basement and two in the garret, and is situated in the midst of a beautiful grove of forest trees, of four or five acres in extent. There is no situation in this part of the country, which combines more advantages, as to residence, whether the object be elegance or comfort, or both together. Though not more than 250 yards from the Court House, it is as quiet and retired as a residence in the country.

Attached to the improved Lots, there is a Farm of some 120 or 130 acres, well watered, in good condition, with 8 or 10 acres well adapted for Meadow land.

At any time before the sale, I will take pleasure in showing the premises to any one desiring to purchase.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third Cash, the residue in two equal annual payments; the title to be reserved until the whole purchase money is paid. Possession to be given immediately.

FROM THE TERRITORY OF UTAH.

Extract of a letter from a judicial officer of the government, at Great Salt Lake City, dated September 20, 1851.

I shall leave for the States on the 1st October; and most gladly will go, for I am sick and tired of this place, of the fanaticism of the people, followed by their violence of feeling towards the "Gentiles," as they style all persons not belonging to their church. I have had feeling and personal proof of their fanatical intolerance within the last few days. I will give you a brief view of the circumstances and the scene.

As soon after my arrival here as my illness would permit I heard from Judge B. and Mr. Secretary H. accounts of the intolerant sentiments of the community toward the government officers and the government itself, which filled me with surprise. I learned that not only were the officers sent here treated with coldness and disrespect, but that the government of the United States, on all public occasions, whether festive or religious, was denounced in the most disrespectful terms, and often with invective of great bitterness. I will mention a few instances. The 24th July is the anniversary of the arrival of the Mormons in this valley. It was on that day of this year that they assembled to commemorate that interesting event. The mayor of the day on that occasion spoke bitterly of the course of the United States toward the church of "Latter Day Saints," in taking a battalion of their men from them for the war with Mexico, while on the banks of the Missouri river, in their flight from the mob of Nauvoo. He said the government of the United States had devised the most wanton, cruel, and dastardly means for the accommodation of their ruin, overthrow and utter extermination.

His excellency Gov. Young on the same occasion denounced, in the most sacrilegious terms, the memory of the illustrious and lamented general and President of the United States, who has lately gone to the grave, and over whose tomb a nation's tears have scarcely ceased to flow. He exclaimed, "Zachary Taylor is dead, and God shall give him a glorious resurrection." His sentiments were echoed by a loud amen from all parts of the assembly. Then, rising, in the excess of his passion, to his tip-toes, he vociferated, "I prophesy, in the name of Jesus Christ, by the power of the Priesthood that is upon me, that any other President of the United States who shall lift his finger against this people shall die an untimely death and go to hell!" This kind of feeling I found pervading the whole community—in some individuals more marked than in others.

You may remember that I was authorized by the managers of the Washington National Monument Society to say to the people of the Territory of Utah that they would be pleased to receive from them a block of marble, or other stone, to be deposited in the monument "as an offering at the shrine of patriotism." I accordingly called upon Governor Young, and apprized him of the trust committed to my hands, and expressed a desire to address the people upon the subject, when assembled in the greatest number. He replied to me the following Monday the very best opportunity would be presented. Monday came, and I found myself at his Bowerly, in the midst of at least three thousand people. I was respectfully and honorably introduced by "his excellency" to the vast assemblage. I made a speech; though so feeble that I could scarcely stand, and staggered in my debility several times upon the flying pillow. I spoke for two hours, during which time I was favored with the unwavering attention of my audience. Having made some remarks in reference to the judiciary, I presented the subject of the National Monument, and, incidentally thereto, (as the Mormons supposed,) I expressed my opinions on the subject of slavery. He replied to me the following Monday the very best opportunity would be presented. Monday came, and I found myself at his Bowerly, in the midst of at least three thousand people. I was respectfully and honorably introduced by "his excellency" to the vast assemblage. I made a speech; though so feeble that I could scarcely stand, and staggered in my debility several times upon the flying pillow. I spoke for two hours, during which time I was favored with the unwavering attention of my audience.

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The ferret created by his remarks was truly fearful. It seemed as if the people (I mean a large portion of them) were ready to spring upon the like hyena, and destroy me. The governor, while speaking, said that some persons might get their hair pulled, or their throats cut on that occasion. His manner was boisterous, passionate, infuriated in the extreme; and if he had not been afraid of final vengeance, he would have pointed his finger at me, and I should, in an instant, have been a dead man. Ever since then the community has been in a state of excitement, and murmurs of personal violence and assassination towards me have been freely uttered by the populace. How it will end I don't know. I have just learned that I have been denounced, together with the government and officers, in the Bowerly again to-day by Governor Young. I hope I shall get off safely. God only knows. I am in the power of a desperate set. I, however, feel no great fear. So much for defending my country.

I expect all the officers of the Territory—at least Chief Justice B., Secretary Harris, and Captain Day, Indian agent—will return with me, in return here no more.

WHAT ARE THE WHIGS GOING TO DO? The whigs are in a bad way. In Ohio and Pennsylvania, where they relied upon General Scott, they have been utterly swamped. In Virginia, where they hung out the banner of Fillmore and the Union, they are defeated, horse, foot, dragoon, and baggage wagons. In New York, where they mixed up Scott, Fillmore, Seward and Webster, Union and disunion, the Constitution and the higher law, and the canals, all together, they have lost ground, and nothing saves them from utter destruction but the canals. And in this city, where they endorsed the fugitive slave law, they are entirely too late to come to us in a room. There is yet a solitary chance in Massachusetts. Last chance; for if Massachusetts, on the 10th of November, fails to stand up to Mr. Webster, the case is out—time's up; and Scott, Fillmore and Webster—the trio—the hero of Mexico, the expounder of the constitution, and the executor of the fugitive-slave law—will be laid up to dry; and in their last agony they and the whig party may yet be compelled to turn to Henry Clay. They have had nothing but bad luck since they betrayed and deserted him. Now it is the eleventh hour—yes, it is half-past eleven; but still he may save them on a Union platform.

The speech of the Hon. Robert J. Walker, in London, upon one of the public occasions when Kossuth was present, and propounded the new line of policy which he hopes to introduce, have been all that the most true-hearted and high-toned spirit of American republicanism could dictate; and it evidently fell upon no unwilling ears. "We heard," says the London News of the 30th ultimo, "that gray-haired American shadowing forth by his eloquence that noble picture of the alliance of two great and kindred nations; and while his voice glowed with inspiration, it filtered too with the tenderness of affection, state and reverential feeling. It (Mr. Walker's) was the most remarkable speech we have heard for many years. Kossuth himself could not surpass it in depth of meaning or power of expression, or in that rare strain of political eloquence which all that is noble in the statesman with all that is noble in the man of feeling and philosophy." This is high praise and valuable, coming from the source it does, and Mr. Walker deserves well of his country for giving such noble utterance to the sentiments of young and free America in the time-honored halls of the fathersland.

Daniel Webster, it is said, is to visit New Orleans this Winter.

ESTATES OF RICH MEN. John McDougall, Joseph Fowler, Jr., and Cornelius Paulding. Last year was signalized by the death of three of the wealthiest citizens of New Orleans, who were remarkable for their great parsimony and their unparalleled success in accumulating money. They were John McDougall, Joseph Fowler, Jr., and Cornelius Paulding. Notwithstanding their meagre and unostentatious mode of life, these gentlemen lived to good old age. Their lives were passed without pleasure or enjoyment of any kind, save the dry, unsustained and unsatisfactory pleasure of laying up money, and the New Orleans Delta thus relates the result:

The three citizens referred to all accumulated their property in New Orleans. Their lives illustrate the immense advantages enjoyed here for the rapid accumulation of fortunes. They were, for the greater part of their lives, engaged in no trade or business, but their wealth was the natural accretion of originally small but judicious investments. A comparison of the values of the estates of the three men is not uninteresting to our readers.

The estate of John McDougall, consisting chiefly of landed property—whose prospective value, owing to the judgment displayed in its location, is immense—is at present appraised at \$3,493,349 15. This amount is greatly less than the estimate usually placed upon Mr. McDougall's property. This exaggeration was caused by the immense superficial extent of his property, portions of which he did not calculate to be subject to cultivation before fifty years.

If Mr. McDougall's estate was exaggerated, the reverse was the case in regard to that of Mr. Joseph Fowler, Jr., who had managed to conceal his immense possessions to such a degree, that for several years his death he was taxed at one half the amount which his estate has had to pay since his property was inventoried. Few persons valued his possessions at more than \$400,000; but Mr. Fowler had not the penchant of Mr. McDougall for unproductive landed property. He preferred good mortgage paper, and his real estate, which is considerable, was of a very valuable and productive character.

The following is a statement of the inventory of Mr. Fowler's estate:

Movables,	60 50
Appraised value of bank and other	79,860 00
Soldiers' warrants,	12,310 00
Mississippi Union Bank stock,	562 00
Real estate,	328,900 00
Good bills receivable,	604,682 00
Good book accounts,	24,340 00
Personal effects,	79 80
Book debts,	35,864 00
Total good assets,	\$1,286,558 37
Bad assets,	194,140 39
	\$1,480,698 66

There are but few debts due by this estate. The personal effects of Mr. Fowler, compared with his other assets, exhibit the same wonderful contrast as in the schedule of John McDougall. All his personal and movable effects—including books, clothing, a pair of old pistols valued at \$1, a gylster pipe, a box of razors, sundry old trunks, desks, one picture representing two heads, etc., amount to \$240, whilst his bills receivable are \$604,682. Here is developed the true secret of money-getting; to cut down one's expenses, and save every penny, rather than embark in doubtful ventures.

Mr. Joseph Fowler was a gentleman of great sagacity and intelligence, and during his life was known to do not a few kind and liberal things to his fellow-citizens, but his parsimony was his dominant passion. He believed that wealth could be more rapidly accumulated by economy than by successful speculation. One of the witnesses in the administration of his succession, Dr. Rushon, illustrates this peculiarity of his character, by saying that whilst Mr. Fowler would not go a hundred yards to the store, he would walk a mile to save a dime. Here is developed the true secret of money-getting; to cut down one's expenses, and save every penny, rather than embark in doubtful ventures.

The commissions on Mr. Fowler's estate, at 2½ per cent., amount to the handsome sum of \$22,803 40 to each of his executors. Here is a pretty fortune in itself. One of the executors, Mr. Paulding, succeeded in the purchase of the estate of Mr. Paulding, which consisted of real estate, is \$580,020.

Mr. Cornelius Paulding commenced life in this city as a jeweler. He judiciously invested his profits in real estate, which advanced rapidly in value. Mr. Paulding, though like Messrs. Fowler and McDougall, a bachelor, and very parsimonious in his habits, was not so miserly as the latter two. He was content with the comforts of life. This may be seen from the fact that at the time of his death, the furniture in the house which he occupied alone, was valued at \$4,406 12. Nor was his table unsupplied with substantial viands, though he would be employed for hours, in the market, driving hard bargains with the best-hung and most experienced of the city. His estate, which consisted chiefly of real estate, is \$580,020.

By the death of these three citizens, the amount of \$1,360,460, during the past year, has been thrown to our courts to be distributed. The diffusion of this amount, through legal costs, lawyers' fees, executors' commissions, &c., may be of some advantage. The shortest Mr. Paulding would have been able to divide the sum calculated to produce much litigation; but that of McDougall affords an endless field of legal controversy, difficulty and costs.

THE DEAD SEA AND THE SALT LAKE. Mr. Robert J. Graves, M.D., has communicated to the Edinburgh Philosophical Journal a very interesting article on the causes which dry the waters of the Dead Sea are destitute of fish and other marine animals. The Dead Sea contains no living thing within its fatal boundaries; yet this salt sea, so famous in history, is supplied with salt water from fresh-water rivers which abound in fish and vegetables. The surface of the Dead Sea is 800 feet below the level of the Mediterranean, and 1,000 feet deep. It is 100 miles long and 9 miles wide. It is situated between the mountains of Judea and the mountains of Moab. It is a body of water of the sea of Galilee. A correct chart of the old lake was never given to the world until the expedition under Lieutenant Lynch surveyed it. The full credit of this important fact is given to our country by Mr. Graves. It had been given by Dr. Robinson and Mr. Warburton that the shores of the Dead Sea were not to be consulted, the expedition brought home specimens of lava and scoria, thus refuting former accounts.

There is another sea in the world just like the Dead Sea of Sodom: this is the Great Salt Lake of the Mormon country, discovered and explored by Lieutenant Smith. This lake contains no living thing within its bosom, and it also receives the fresh waters of Lake Utah.

The waters of the Dead Sea of Jordan contain twenty-four per cent. of saline matter, consisting of chlorides of potassium, sodium, calcium, magnesium, iron, manganese, with bromide of magnesium. This saline impregnation accounts for the absence of all vegetable and animal life. The waters of the Great Salt Lake are nearly of the same composition, and present similar phenomena to that of the Sea of Sodom.

HINTS TO PIANISTS. Have your pianoforte tuned at least four times a year by an experienced tuner. If you allow it to go too long without tuning, it usually becomes flat, and troubles a tuner to get it to stay at concert pitch, especially in the country. Never place the instrument against the outside wall, or in a cold, damp room, particularly in a country house. There is no reason why a pianoforte should be placed against the instrument immediately after you practice; by leaving it open dust fixes on the sound-board, and corrodes the movements; and, if in a damp room, the strings must rust. Should the pianoforte stand near, or opposite a window, guard, if possible, against the sun being on the window, close the blinds. Avoid comparing metallic or other articles on, or in the pianoforte, such things frequently cause unpleasant vibrations, and sometimes injure the instrument. The more equal the temperature of the room, and the less foot-pedal is used, the better the piano will stand in tune.

The person who leased the right to sell refreshments in the Crystal Palace, is said to have realized the snug little bit of pocket money, of \$500,000, by the operation. Encouraged, probably, by the prosperity of this venture, a new speculator offers \$35,000 for the right to pick up such lost articles as fell through the crevices of the floor upon the ground beneath. The planks, it will be remembered, were left with spaces between them, and, doubtless, some rare and valuable trinkets have been better hidden. Would that the spirit of the Address animated every citizen of our beloved State! How soon would North Carolina blossom as the rose! Asheville News.

METHODIST PROTESTANT CONFERENCE. Extracts of the Minutes of the 36th Annual Conference of the North Carolina District Methodist Protestant Church, composed on the representative principle, of one lay delegate for each of its fifteen ministers; held at Bethel, on Haw River, Guilford County, N. C., on the 7th and 18th days of November, 1851.

MEMBERS OF CONFERENCE. Ministers—Ira E. Norman, A. W. Lineberry, R. H. Jones, John F. Speight, Wm. H. Willis, G. A. T. Whitaker, Caswell Drake, A. G. Harris, A. C. Harris, C. L. Cooley, John Paulding, E. D. Drake, R. Prather, Alexander Robbins, H. T. Weatherly, Nathan Robbins, John H. Shaw, J. S. Sotherly, Wm. J. Ogburn, David Weaver, C. Holton, J. W. Lee, J. G. Gilbreath, James Deane, C. F. Harris, John L. Michaux, and B. L. Hoskins. Lay Delegates—Wm. J. Norman, M. T. Whitaker, James P. Speight, Dr. L. W. Bachelor, John Paulding, E. D. Drake, Caleb Watkins, Geo. N. Hicks, John McPherson, Daniel Foust, Peter Julian, W. W. Brower, Samuel Bristow, A. A. Sharp, John H. York, Elam Gaiher, Peter Peeler, Joseph H. Dunn, T. F. Gause, and L. Wood.

Ministers received this Conference—Andrew Pickens, T. C. Fyres, O. L. Fyres, T. C. Hays, John G. Gordon and John Fyres, Deacons—W. J. Ogburn, A. R. Michaux, Joseph H. Kennet, Ambrose Roach, R. Cochran, J. Koon.

Unstated Ministers, six. Preachers, thirteen. Conference was opened by reading a portion of the word of God, and prayer, by Bro. B. L. Hoskins, President.

E. D. Drake was elected Conference Steward. Within the bounds of the District there are twelve circuits and two stations, which are supplied ministerially as follows:

John F. Speight, President. An Assistant to be supplied. Roanoke—B. L. Hoskins, sup. Richard H. Jones, Halifax—G. A. T. Whitaker, sup. Granville—Sup. to be supplied. Caswell Drake, N. C. Harris. Orange—Alon Gray, sup. C. L. Cooley, Thos. C. Hays. Randolph—Sup. to be supplied. Nath. Robbins, Guilford—A. W. Lineberry, sup. A. Robbins, H. T. Weatherly, R. R. Prather. Davidson—John H. Shaw. One to be supplied. Yadkin—Joseph Parker, sup. David Weaver. Mocksville—C. Holton, sup. An assistant to be supplied. Cleveland—James Deane, sup. Ried Cochran. Buncombe, including McDowell mission—A. Pickens, sup. A. Roach. Fayetteville Station—C. F. Harris. Wilmington—J. L. Michaux.

Wm. J. Leekie, W. J. Ogburn, W. W. Kinnutt, R. R. Michaux, J. S. Sotherly, J. S. Sotherly, and Jno. Koon, left without appointment at their request. Josiah Sotherly (on his request) and William McColin, transferred to the unstated list. Standing District Committee—Caswell Drake, A. C. Harris, C. Allen, Ministers. Dr. John Arrington, Thomas D. Wright, and B. G. Cook, Pres. The following resolutions were adopted. First in reference to Education.

Resolved, That the activity and zeal manifested by the trustees of Madison College, (at Uniontown, Penn.) in behalf of that institution, meet with the hearty approbation of this Conference.

Resolved, That in view of the educational interests of the Methodist Protestant Church, we cordially recommend said College to the patronage and encouragement of our membership and friends in the N. C. District.

Whereas, we learn that brother J. S. Swift, of Halifax County, in this State, is desirous of promoting female education by erecting an Academy, or near his own residence, and we, the undersigned, who are desirous to educate and train the youthful mind to be entitled to our best wishes and most hearty cooperation, and having the fullest confidence in the integrity and necessary qualifications of Bro. Swift; Therefore Resolved, That we heartily approve of the enterprise, and commend it to the friendly notice and patronage of the Church; and

Resolved further, That we will afford any assistance in our power and properly within our province as a Conference, in conformity with the wishes of Bro. Swift, when we shall have learned them.

Whereas, we learn that there is a Male Academy, Elba, near Brinkleyville, under the supervision in part of Bro. W. H. Willis, well calculated to afford education to the youth of this section; Therefore Resolved, that we commend it to the patronage of our friends and the Church.

Resolved, That seven Trustees be appointed by this Conference who shall be authorized to secure a proper title to the land in accordance with the rule of discipline and the laws of the State, solicit donations, and erect a building for a Seminary of learning, to be located two and four miles North of Fulton, in Davis county, to be known as "Pleasant Grove Seminary," under the patronage and control of the N. C. Annual Conference, M. P. Church.

Whereupon, C. Holton, Thomas Fyres, A. Robbins, Thomas S. Siding, James T. Brown, Elam Gaiher, David Weaver, were appointed.

Resolved, That the next session of this Annual Conference will be held at Fayetteville, commencing on Friday before the second Sunday in November, 1852, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Resolved, That our thanks are due and are hereby tendered to the brethren and friends of this neighborhood for their kindness and attention to the members of Conference.

A. C. HARRIS, Sec'y.

CALIFORNIA. Mr. Silas E. Burrows thus writes from San Francisco to the New York Journal of Commerce:

The recent State election has given the Democratic Union of California, and the Union, the divided, in my opinion this winter, the Southern becoming a slave State. The value of our possessions on the Pacific is incalculably great, in the march of greatness of our noble nation; and the attachments of the inhabitants to the ties they have left at home, are strong as I have ever known; but still, the Union is not to be consulted, or they will set up for themselves.

Mr. Burrows, says the Charleston Mercury, is well known as a wealthy New York merchant, who, for the love of adventure has engaged in all sorts of hair-brained enterprises. The last we heard of him before, was that he was in a whaling expedition beyond Behring's Strait, and in prospect of returning to the North Pole, where he and his confederates were in close prospect of being turned into icicles. He had his usual luck in getting out of the scrape, and has since refreshed his love of novelty with a study of this kind of gold. He is, we suppose, a very imprudent observer, and writes as above, in reference to a subject we have before remarked upon. There appears no doubt this matter of the division of California with reference to the formation of a slave State in the South, is serious, and that it will form the basis of the next Congressional contest.

We are informed that a letter has just been received from a native Virginian, now a member of the Legislature of California, which expresses the sentiment that the Legislature will, at its next session, adopt a resolution submitting to a vote of the people the question whether California will or will not introduce the system of slavery. The same letter avows a belief that the people of California will decide in favor of the introduction of slavery, as most economical and useful for the working of the mines, &c. Should the people of California agree to the introduction of slavery, we have no fear of a Congressional excitement on the subject. With a Democratic Congress, and (we have no doubt) a Democratic Administration, we cannot believe that so monstrous a proposition as the exclusion of a State because her people preferred slavery, can for one moment succeed. Should the event transpire, and should the Northern majority refuse the admission of a slave State under the circumstances, the whole South will be aroused to a due sense of the outrage, and there will be but one opinion as to the necessity of abandoning so burdensome and insulting a confederacy.

MR. AVERY'S ADDRESS. At the request of many who were anxious to see this Address, we have published it this week, to the exclusion of much other matter. The space could not have been better filled. Would that the spirit of the Address animated every citizen of our beloved State! How soon would North Carolina blossom as the rose! Asheville News.

THE STANDARD.

The Constitution and the Union of the States. "They must be Preserved."

RALEIGH:

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1851.

KOSSUTH.

The Illustrated London News of the 1st instant contains engravings of the landing of Kossuth at Southampton, of his reception by the Mayor, the assemblage at the Banquet, &c., together with the Speeches delivered to and by the great Hungarian. The News thus speaks of Kossuth:

"The demonstrations of the English people in favor of the cause of Hungarian independence are still continued, and promise to become both remarkable and important. Mr. Kossuth is growing in favor. The ill-judging journalists who ostentatiously boasted of expressing the public sentiment, when they republished the Hungarian patriot along with the Red Republicans and Communists, of the Parisian *carrefours*, have tardily seen their mistake, and, although they continue to carp and cavil at Mr. Kossuth, they have lowered their tone, preparatory, it is to be supposed, to that complete adhesion to the Hungarian cause which they conceive to be the more popular course. Mr. Kossuth himself is rapidly justifying by his speeches, the enthusiasm which his name has excited, and proving himself the possessor of talents as great as his patriotism. He has caught the English manner in landing on the English shore, and, avoiding the dangerous topics into which, in a moment of not unnatural irritation and disappointment, he suffered himself to be betrayed when he lay on shipboard before Marseilles, he has addressed himself to the English understanding as well as to the English heart, in words of eloquence, power, yet of calmness and reason, which will carry conviction to the councils of Prince Schwartzberg. His speech at Winchester is the most forcible and most eloquent he has yet made, and is alike a vindication of himself and of his country, clear, positive, and convincing. It will be carried by means of the *Parisian carrefours* in every corner of Europe, in spite of the censorship of Austria and Italy to prevent its dissemination; and, in conjunction with the opinions expressed throughout England upon the subject, will, if we may use a homely English proverb in illustration, 'drive a nail' into the coffin of Austrian oppression, and teach the Emperor that not even the police armies of Russia can effectually suppress him, if the public feeling of Europe and of his own dominions is alike against him."

Kossuth, as our readers have been informed, has had a most imposing reception in London, where he has addressed the people of all classes, the workmen included. The Address of the Mayor and Aldermen to him was most flattering; and his response evinced a wonderful knowledge of that City and of the habits and feelings of the English people.

This public reception of Kossuth is a new feature in the history of London. That mighty City is not accustomed thus to pay homage, through her constituted authorities, to the great men of the world; and this compliment to Kossuth is, therefore, as remarkable in itself as it must have been gratifying to him and his friends. London has spoken to him with her myriad tongues, and her voice "is as the sound of many waters" in approval of his patriotic efforts for his country.

Kossuth has recently spoken in England, on French and Italian affairs. He has displayed an excellent discrimination and a sound judgment in his allusions to those countries; but the burden of all his efforts is, non-intervention in the affairs of nations. This is all he asks for Hungary. He is confident that, if Russia could be kept out of the struggle, his country could establish her independence. He declares that the Hungarians have become disgusted with kingly rule, from the perfidy of the House of Hapsburg, and that he is in favor of a Republic of the Hungarians, after the model of the United States.

The opinion seems to be gaining ground that Europe is destined soon to great convulsions. The present condition of France promises any thing but repose and order. Hungary will be ready at the first tap of the drum, and Kossuth will be there, to "ride on the whirlwind and direct the storm." The next struggle will, in all probability, be decisive. The people learned much of their power in the last. Kings and crowns were handled like playthings; but pledges and promises were given, the masses released into apparent tranquility, and "order" was restored. Those pledges have been broken, and the people are beginning to realize that the promises of Kings are false and worthless. We trust in God that the hour is at hand for the final struggle between absolutism and constitutional liberty in Europe; and that, whatever may be the result in France and Italy, Hungary may come forth independent of the House of Hapsburg. Her people have shown, in their recent efforts for freedom, that they possess the intelligence and the courage to manage their own affairs; and all they ask, in order to gain their liberties, is non-intervention and "fair play." What can be more reasonable than that?

Kossuth may be expected at New York in a few days. We predict for him a reception in this country which will cast even London in the shade. He will of course visit Washington during the winter, and thousands from all parts of the country will throng there to see him and shake him by the hand. He comes, it is stated, not with the view of remaining, but for the purpose of tendering his thanks in person to the government and people of the United States, for the deep interest they have taken in the struggles of his native land. A thousand welcomes to the gallant chief, the accomplished orator, and noble patriot!

GEOLGICAL SURVEY. The Greensborough Patriot thus speaks of the appointment of Prof. Emmons to conduct the survey of the State: "From the best lights before us, we believe that the appointment is more wisely conferred upon Prof. Emmons, of New York, than it would have been upon any resident of the State. We know of no scientific man in the State who has his hand in this business. The duties to be performed are of most important consequence to our State, and we want and ought to have the best practical talent and experience that can be procured anywhere. If such cannot be procured within the State, it is the duty of the appointing power to look out of it."

One of the Washington Correspondents of the Baltimore Sun says Mr. Fillmore has withdrawn, for the present, from the Presidential canvass. What will the North Carolina Federal leaders do now? Will they go for Scott, Seward's right hand man? Or for Clay, an avowed emancipationist? Or for Webster, who says it is unconstitutional to admit a slaveholding State? Speak out, gentlemen.

Gen. Joseph Lane has been honored with a public reception at the capital of Indiana. The Address of Gov. Wright on the occasion was appropriate and eloquent, and was responded to in handsome and impressive terms by the old hero and statesman. A splendid dinner was served up, and at night a ball was given, which was graced by the beauty and fashion of Indianapolis.

The Fire Annihilator, it is stated, was tried at Cincinnati on the 19th, on a building erected for the purpose, and failed. We wish they would "hurry up" an article that will do.

ACQUITTAL OF MR. AVERY.

It affords us great pleasure to announce to our readers the triumphant acquittal of Mr. Avery, by a Jury of his country.

He was put on his trial, for the killing of Samuel Flemming, in Burke Superior Court, Judge Battle presiding, on Friday the 14th, and on Saturday, the 15th, the Jury, after about ten minutes' consultation, returned a verdict of *Not Guilty*.

The verdict was received with tears of rejoicing by the vast assemblage in attendance.

It appears that the prosecution given by Flemming was even greater than at first supposed. He followed Mr. Avery up at McDowell Court, called upon him to retract some expressions which he had used as an Attorney in the discharge of his duty, and Mr. Avery refusing, he then asked him if he would fight him. Mr. Avery declined doing, saying that he desired no difficulty with him, and that he was a man of peace. Flemming then drew a cowhide and struck him several times in rapid succession, and in the struggle, though Mr. Avery knocked his antagonist down twice, he was severely bruised by a rock in the hand of Flemming.

It also appears that Flemming boasted of having cowhided Mr. Avery, and that he was proclaiming him a coward and a disgraced man, but a few moments before he was shot down.

We learn that the scene at the trial was of the most thrilling character. The Jury, who had been selected from the bone and sinew of the County, were deeply affected; some minutes elapsed after they retired, before a word was spoken by any of them, and then, after the verdict had been agreed upon, they returned into Court laboring under the strongest emotions. Judge Battle, we learn, bore himself through this trying case with becoming firmness and propriety.

The Rutherfordton Banner gives the following account of the trial and acquittal of Mr. Avery:

"As we anticipated, we have the pleasure of announcing Mr. Avery's acquittal. His trial commenced on Friday, and terminated about 1 o'clock on Saturday. John Woodfin, Esq., of Asheville, conducted the prosecution on the part of the State, and did his duty, we learn, in a manner which reflects much credit upon him, presenting the case in its legal bearing with boldness and ability, and closing his eyes to all extraneous influences. Mr. Avery was ably defended by N. W. Woodfin, of Asheville, T. R. Caldwell, of Morganton, and Gen. Byrum, of this place. The speeches of all three of these gentlemen are spoken of as among the ablest ever delivered in our courts of justice. The Jury was composed of highly intelligent and honorable men, and were not out more than ten minutes before they agreed upon their verdict.

There probably never was a case tried in this country the decision of which caused more universal satisfaction; and we may say, gratification. We learn that there was but one sentiment among the assembled masses of spectators on the rendition of the verdict—that of universal joy.

Mr. Avery himself was cheerful during the progress of the trial—far more so than he had been from the time of his rencontre with Flemming, at Marion, up to the time he shot him. Indeed he felt a relief from the stigma which had been put upon him that buoyed him up and made him feel all the pride of being a bold and honorable man, and worthy of the fight at Marion he seemed depressed, his countenance was haggard; and we heard Judge Battle express the opinion that his depression of mind would have caused either death or insanity in a month's more time—so deeply did the insult offered prey upon his proud spirit, literally crushing him to death, and reducing him to the sad necessity of shedding the blood of a fellow-being in vindication of his honor, or for the preservation of his own life or integrity. Placed in this position who would not have acted as he has? That it was a terrible necessity, we grant; but we believe the deed is justified in the sight of both God and man. The necessity alone is to be deplored—the deed causes no unpleasant reflections.

We understand that Mr. Avery says he formed the determination to do what he did, immediately after the rencontre at Marion; that he resolved to pick his opportunity, and do it without risking his own life, not considering his antagonist entitled to be put upon an equality with him. The insult offered was too degrading in its nature, too far beneath the dignity of a gentleman to entitle him who offered it to be treated as a gentleman; and in this we believe he was right.

Of the deceased we have no desire to speak; but we may safely say that no man has ever fallen as he did with less public sympathy. He has atoned for his rashness, and others may profit by his example. A moment's reflection must have convinced him that his life was forfeited to outraged honor; but he paused at his career, and died, emphatically, "as a cool death."

We fully endorse the following view of the matter, taken by the Banner:

"It is a deplorable affair, but one that we believe is justified by the circumstances. It may be possible to imagine a state of society where such a resort would be unnecessary to vindicate one's honor and wash out the stigma of degradation; but that society does not at present exist. Public sentiment makes the law or moulds it to itself; and while it attaches a stigma to the character of the man who will tamely submit to a cowhiding, so will it justify him in wiping out the stain in the blood of the aggressor. It is a man who has proper views of self respect and is governed by a high principle of honor, his reputation is dearer to him than his life; and in our Southern land there is no degradation so low, no stigma so degrading as submitting to the lash of a cowhide. No man of honor—no man who has the principle that every man ought to have—will submit to such degradation.

The character of Mr. Avery, as a lawyer, as a public man, as a private citizen, was at stake. Public sentiment had been in a state of feverish excitement ever since the rencontre at McDowell Court, anxious yet dreading to hear the final issue. Flemming has paid the penalty of his rashness, dearly it may be; but we do not see how he could have hoped to escape the debt at a less exorbitant price. A man may bear the fist of another, or his cane; or any weapon except a cowhide, for to no other device such a stigma attach as to that.

We deplore the shedding of blood and regret its necessity in any case; but in the present instance we look for a verdict of acquittal from the jury. By the verdict which they have returned, Mr. Avery now stands higher in the public estimation than he did before the commission of the deed."

WISCONSIN. The official majority for Farwell, the Abolition Whig candidate for Governor of Wisconsin, is only 600. The bargain between this man and the Abolitionists was complete, but, after all, his majority is contemptible. The Democracy of Wisconsin will make short work of him the first opportunity.

Jenny Lind gave a Concert in Harrisburg on the 17th, in a Methodist Church. The price of tickets ranged from \$2 to \$4, and the receipts were about \$3,000. It strikes us that Jenny is making her notes too common.

The Wilmington Journal

This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some faint smudges and discoloration, characteristic of old paper. There is no text or other markings on the page.

LATE IMPORTATION OF RICH FANCY DRY GOODS, OF NEW DESIGNS, FROM LONDON AND PARIS, FOR THE WINTER TRADE OF THE CITY OF RALEIGH, FALL FASHIONS FOR 1851.

THE undersigned, having just received the remainder of his Fall and Winter supply of RICH FANCY DRY GOODS, in addition to those already announced, from the City of New York, making his assortment ample and complete, takes pleasure in informing the intelligent reader that he has now the satisfaction of presenting to the public:

The Heaviest, Richest, Best, Cheapest, and most Magnificent Stock of FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS,

he has ever had the honor to offer to the Ladies and Gentlemen of good taste, in this enlightened community and the surrounding country; comprising, in part, the following desirable articles:

FOR THE LADIES:
Rich Gros de Rhine and Brocade Silks,
Plain and figured Chamois Gros de Paris,
Super Metecan rich black Lustrated Silks,
Elegant Brocade and Chino Apple Green Silks and Satins,
Turk Satins and Plaid Silks,
Plain and figured Cashmeres and Delaines,
Embossed and plain Merinos,
Rich embroidered Robes and Fancy Bombazines,
Rich Valparaiso Dresses,
Beautiful Plaid Cashmeres,
Plain and figured Silk Poplins,
Plain and Brocade Alpaccas, (all colors),
Red, Green, and Mode colored Paramattas,
500 pieces splendid British and American Prints,
50 new style London Chamois Calicoes,
Rich Furature Prints, of Cochineal dyes,
Plain and Plaid French Ginghams,
Super Blue, Black, and Fancy Cloths,
Black and Fancy China Cassimeres,
Tweed Cloth and Coburg do,
Plaid Linsey and Maribor Stripes,
Irish Linen and Cotton Shirting,
200 pieces Sheeting and Shirting, from 5 to 10 cents,
4, 6, 8, 10, and 12-4 Sheeting,
500 yards Towel and Towel and Cotton Cloth,
White Jean and Canton Flannel,
Woolen Shirts and Drawers,
British and American Long Cloth,
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas,
Half Hose and Suspenders.

These Goods will be sold on the most accommodating terms, either at Wholesale or Retail, and the purchaser may rely upon getting more Goods, for the amount of money invested, than he ever did before.

T. A. MITCHELL.
105—

NORTH CAROLINA FASHIONABLE JEWELER'S STORE,
Jewelry, Watches, &c.

3 DOZEN gold lever Watches, from 40 to \$150
A large Assortment of Fashionable Breast Pins,
Finger rings, Ear rings, gold Spectacles and Pencil,
Watch Chains, Seal and Keys, Lockets, Cuff Pins,
and Pens, Silver, Pearl, Tortoise Car Cases,
Plated Spectacle Cases and Napkin Rings,
6 dozen silver spectacles; spring steel and plated do,
26 doz. silver Spoons, Ladles, Sugar Tongs and Cups,
A large assortment of 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46, 48, 50, 52, 54, 56, 58, 60, 62, 64, 66, 68, 70, 72, 74, 76, 78, 80, 82, 84, 86, 88, 90, 92, 94, 96, 98, 100, 102, 104, 106, 108, 110, 112, 114, 116, 118, 120, 122, 124, 126, 128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138, 140, 142, 144, 146, 148, 150, 152, 154, 156, 158, 160, 162, 164, 166, 168, 170, 172, 174, 176, 178, 180, 182, 184, 186, 188, 190, 192, 194, 196, 198, 200, 202, 204, 206, 208, 210, 212, 214, 216, 218, 220, 222, 224, 226, 228, 230, 232, 234, 236, 238, 240, 242, 244, 246, 248, 250, 252, 254, 256, 258, 260, 262, 264, 266, 268, 270, 272, 274, 276, 278, 280, 282, 284, 286, 288, 290, 292, 294, 296, 298, 300, 302, 304, 306, 308, 310, 312, 314, 316, 318, 320, 322, 324, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 336, 338, 340, 342, 344, 346, 348, 350, 352, 354, 356, 358, 360, 362, 364, 366, 368, 370, 372, 374, 376, 378, 380, 382, 384, 386, 388, 390, 392, 394, 396, 398, 400, 402, 404, 406, 408, 410, 412, 414, 416, 418, 420, 422, 424, 426, 428, 430, 432, 434, 436, 438, 440, 442, 444, 446, 448, 450, 452, 454, 456, 458, 460, 462, 464, 466, 468, 470, 472, 474, 476, 478, 480, 482, 484, 486, 488, 490, 492, 494, 496, 498, 500, 502, 504, 506, 508, 510, 512, 514, 516, 518, 520, 522, 524, 526, 528, 530, 532, 534, 536, 538, 540, 542, 544, 546, 548, 550, 552, 554, 556, 558, 560, 562, 564, 566, 568, 570, 572, 574, 576, 578, 580, 582, 584, 586, 588, 590, 592, 594, 596, 598, 600, 602, 604, 606, 608, 610, 612, 614, 616, 618, 620, 622, 624, 626, 628, 630, 632, 634, 636, 638, 640, 642, 644, 646, 648, 650, 652, 654, 656, 658, 660, 662, 664, 666, 668, 670, 672, 674, 676, 678, 680, 682, 684, 686, 688, 690, 692, 694, 696, 698, 700, 702, 704, 706, 708, 710, 712, 714, 716, 718, 720, 722, 724, 726, 728, 730, 732, 734, 736, 738, 740, 742, 744, 746, 748, 750, 752, 754, 756, 758, 760, 762, 764, 766, 768, 770, 772, 774, 776, 778, 780, 782, 784, 786, 788, 790, 792, 794, 796, 798, 800, 802, 804, 806, 808, 810, 812, 814, 816, 818, 820, 822, 824, 826, 828, 830, 832, 834, 836, 838, 840, 842, 844, 846, 848, 850, 852, 854, 856, 858, 860, 862, 864, 866, 868, 870, 872, 874, 876, 878, 880, 882, 884, 886, 888, 890, 892, 894, 896, 898, 900, 902, 904, 906, 908, 910, 912, 914, 916, 918, 920, 922, 924, 926, 928, 930, 932, 934, 936, 938, 940, 942, 944, 946, 948, 950, 952, 954, 956, 958, 960, 962, 964, 966, 968, 970, 972, 974, 976, 978, 980, 982, 984, 986, 988, 990, 992, 994, 996, 998, 1000.

These Goods will be sold on the most accommodating terms, either at Wholesale or Retail, and the purchaser may rely upon getting more Goods, for the amount of money invested, than he ever did before.

T. A. MITCHELL.
105—

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS!
Just arrived and Daily arriving.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER
RESPECTFULLY announce to the public, that many of the most desirable articles embraced in their large and extensive assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, selected with care, by one of the firm, in the best Northern market, have been already received and opened; others are daily arriving, and they flatter themselves they will be prepared to meet the demand for goods of every description, on as good terms as they can be sold in this market. Thankful for, and encouraged by the very liberal patronage bestowed upon them since their connection in business, they have ventured to lay in a very heavy stock, to which they invite the attention of purchasers, hoping their efforts to accommodate will not fail to be successful.

The attention of the Ladies is respectfully invited to the following desirable Dress Goods:
Super Brocade and Chamois Silks,
Blue, Black and White Watered Do.,
Black Gros de Rhine and Italian Do.,
Black and Fancy Lute String Do.,
Brocade Poul de Soi,
Cashmere De Ecosse,
Fig's Brilliant,
Super French Merinos,
English and German Do.,
Solid Paramattas,
Rich Fig's de Paris de Laines,
Plain and Fancy Poplins,
Black and White Do.,
Deep Silk Fringes,
Paris Kid Gloves,
Buttons and Trimmings,
Scalloped Edm'd St. H's,
Swiss, Jacksonet, and Tartan Mullins,
Chemisettes, Collars, Underclothes and Cuffs,
Muslin Bands, Edgings and Insertings, &c., &c.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
Raleigh, September 3, 1851. 87—

E. L. HARDING, & Co.
DEALERS IN
GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING,
Ready Made, of the First Quality.

Also, a complete assortment of
GENT'S DRESS GOODS,
Telegraph Building, Fayetteville St.
RALEIGH, N. C.

DR. WILLIAM R. MILLER,
OFFICE ABOVE THE
LIFE INSURANCE OFFICE,
Raleigh, July 22nd, 1851. 76—

SAVAGE AND MEARES,
COMMISSION
AND
FORWARDING MERCHANTS
WILMINGTON, N. C.
August 12, 1851. 81—ly.

J. W. & C. C. PUGH,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND Forwarding Agents,
GASTON, N. C.
Keep constantly on hand, and for sale,
LIME, SALT, TAR, BACON, FLOUR, &c.
Gaston, Jan. 10, 1850. 26—

JOHN C. PALMER'S
DAQUERRIAN GALLERY,
IN his family furnished with the latest and best apparatus for the Daguerrian process, and to please. His reputation is so well known in North Carolina, it is useless to say more. Call at Palmer and Ramsey's Jewelry Store.
Raleigh Nov. 25, 1850. 8—ly.

HURRAH FOR NORTH CAROLINA!
Home Industry must Succeed!
I am now prepared to manufacture DOOR LOCKS with minimal Knobs, for 65 cents a piece, warranted also, LOCKS up to \$150.
Also, MACHINERY made to order, and file-cutting, new and old. Old files made as good as new.
Raleigh, Sept. 18th 1851. 90—ly.

NEW BOOKS.
LITERARY Reminiscences, from the Autobiography of an English Opium Eater, by Thomas De Quincy, 2 vol. \$1.50
MARGARET, a tale of the Real and Ideal, Bright and Bloom, &c., 2 vol. \$2.00
For sale by
W. L. POMEROY.
Raleigh, Oct. 13, 1851. 99—4

Comprehensive Tables
FOR the calculation of Earth Work, as connected with Railways, Canals, Docks, Harbors, &c., giving the quantities for each Base and Slope at one view, with a Practical Treatise on Earth Work in general. By Edward G. Hughes, Civil Engineer. For sale by
H. D. TURNER.
Raleigh, Sept. 27, 1851. 94—

THIS day received at the North Carolina Music Store, another splendid lot of 7, 6, and 8 octave Pianos from one of the best manufacturing establishments in New York.

K. W. PETERSILLIA,
Raleigh, October 1, 1851. 95—

BAGGING, ROPE AND TWINE.
A large supply, just received and for sale cheap, by
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER.
Raleigh, September 24, 1851. 98—

By the Author of "Sam Slick,"
RULE AND MISRULE of the English in America. By Judge Halliburton.
For sale by
H. D. TURNER.
Raleigh, Nov., 1851. 2—

For Sale.
A very good second hand PIANO, cheap can be had at
Opposite the R. & G. R. O. Office.
Raleigh, Oct. 7, 1851. 98—

WATER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

For the Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, CROUP, ASTHMA, WHOOPING COUGH AND CONSUMPTION.

This remedy is offered to the community with the confidence we feel in an article which seldom fails to realize the happiest effects that can be desired. So wide is the field of its usefulness, and so numerous the cases of its cure, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons, publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs, by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind, is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs, which are incident to our climate. And not only in the formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of Coughs, Croup, Hoarseness, &c., and for children it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that can be obtained. No family should be without it, and those who have tried it, never will.

Read the opinion of the following Gentlemen, who will be recognized in the various sections of country where they are located—each and all as merchants of the first class and of the highest character—as the oldest and most extensive Wholesale Dealers in Medicine with an experience unlimited on the subject of which they speak. If there is any value in the judgment of experience, see

This Certificate.
We, the undersigned Wholesale Druggists, having been for long acquainted with Water's Cherry Pectoral, hereby certify our belief that it is the best and most efficacious remedy for Pulmonary Complaints ever offered to the American People. And we would, from long knowledge and extensive usefulness, cordially commend it to the afflicted as worthy their best confidence, and with the firm conviction that it will do their relief all that medicine can do.

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TO RAIL ROAD CONTRACTORS.
OFFICE OF THE NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD CO., GREENSBORO, OCT. 24, 1851.

BIDS for the following work on the line of said Road to be received at the Office in this place, until the 1st of December next, when the Lettings will take place at said Office, viz:

For the Grading and Masonry of the following Sections of the Second Division of said Road, viz: Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

NOTICE.
OFFICE OF THE N. C. RAIL ROAD CO., GREENSBORO, OCT. 23, 1851.

It is ordered by the President and Directors of the North Carolina Rail Road Company, that the Stockholders pay into the Treasury of said Company the amount of their shares of stock held by them, said Company, on or before the 8th day of January, 1852; and that interest be charged upon any deferred payment from and after the 1st day of February, 1852.

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It is ordered by the President and Directors of the North Carolina Rail Road Company, that the Stockholders pay into the Treasury of said Company the amount of their shares of stock held by them, said Company, on or before the 8th day of January, 1852; and that interest be charged upon any deferred payment from and after the 1st day of February, 1852.

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LEATHER FOR FALL TRADE,

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WE respectfully announce to our friends and the trade, generally, that we have determined to spare no efforts on our part to give Petersburg a Leather and Finding Establishment, whose stock shall compare favorably with that of any house, North or South. We are receiving from the importers and manufacturers of the Northern Cities one of the largest and best selected stocks we have ever seen in this market, and we pledge ourselves to sell our goods as low as any South of New York, and many articles as low, if not lower, than they are to be had, even there, as we have now in full operation a large and well arranged Tannery, from which we shall be receiving Leather regularly.

We have also Bagnan of our own manufacture, which we warrant a superior article.

Also, Shoemakers' Tools and Lasts, together with many other articles usually found in similar establishments, all of which will be sold in accordance with the above statement; and the only way we can prove this, is for purchasers to come and examine for themselves, and we shall be content to abide the result.

F. A. & R. H. FORD,
No. 21, Old Street,
opposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery.
Petersburg, August 13, 1851. 88—ly.

E. L. HARDING, & Co.
WOULD observe, that, as the season draws on, for the wants of the people, and would be pleased to show all who may favor them with a call, their assortment, consisting of

Drab, Black, and Blue Beaver Cloth
Overcoats and Sacks.

We would call your attention particularly to the assortment of Overcoats, as it embraces every desirable and late style. Our FANTASIES are excellent. Fastidious as well as men of Fashion, can here find something to please them, let their tastes be as various as our calls, and in fact, the only difficulty will be to choose from, rather than to find any particular style of coat.

In the assortment of VESTS, you will find Rich Cut Velvet, Merino, all colors, Silk, light and dark Cashmere and Valencia, some of them really beautiful.

Our furnishing Department is complete and full, and we hardly deem it necessary for us to enumerate all the articles comprised under that head. You will find Rich Cut Velvet, Merino, all colors, Silk, light and dark Cashmere and Valencia, some of them really beautiful.

Call and examine our stock, we shall be glad to show our goods at all times, regardless of trouble, sale or no sale.

E. L. HARDING,
Telegraph Building, Fayetteville St.
Raleigh, Sept. 29, 1851. 94—

NORTH CAROLINA MUSIC STORE,
K. W. PETERSILLIA,
One Door North of the City Hall, Fas. St.
RALEIGH, N. C.

From the liberal patronage which the Subscriber has received since his establishment in this city, he has been enabled not only to replenish but to extend his stock, and

IS NOW OPENING
A Splendid Assortment of New and Popular Music

and a larger and better selected variety of
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS
than has ever before been offered in this State.

He is also prepared to furnish

Porter's Standard

SEMI-WEEKLY, \$4 PER ANNUM.

PUBLISHED WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MORNINGS.

WEEKLY, \$2 PER ANNUM.

VOL. II.

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1851.

NO. 7.

THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD

IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY, BY
WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. Two dollars per annum in advance, or within the first month; Two dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY. Four dollars per annum in advance, or within the first month; Four dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

THE above rules will be inflexibly adhered to. ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding fourteen lines will be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Court orders and Judicial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above rates. A reasonable reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.

Subscribers, and others, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by Mail and at risk. Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted. Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, & C.

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.

ARE now receiving large additions to their stock of
**Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals,
PAINTS, OILS, DYESTUFFS,
Window Glass, Perfumery, &c., &c.**

from the most reliable Houses in the Northern Cities, which have been purchased with an eye single to their purity, and are offered for sale at such prices and on such terms as shall compare favorably with any house in the State.

Physicians, Country Merchants, and Dealers generally, will do well to give us a call before purchasing, feeling assured we shall not fail to please both in point of price and quality.

Orders promptly attended to, and particular attention given to packing and forwarding.

Family Medicines and Prescriptions compounded at all hours of the day and night, by a competent person with neatness and despatch.

We tender our most sincere thanks to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country for the long and liberal patronage we have received, and trust by untiring zeal and energy to please in the prosecution of our business, to merit their continuance.

Raleigh, April 28, 1851.

WARRENTON HOTEL

Warrenton, N. C.

THE undersigned would inform his friends and the public generally, that he has purchased and taken charge of the above favorably known Hotel, formerly occupied by James L. Owen, Esq., in the town of Warrenton, where he is prepared to accommodate all who may call on him, and it shall be his aim to keep up the former reputation of the house, at least.

TIPPOO S. BROWNLOW.

November 6, 1851.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!!

THE undersigned takes an early occasion to give notice, that he will be able, in the course of a few days, to supply all orders for oysters from country, for the finest.

Norfolk Oysters,

received direct, in twenty four hours, from their beds in the "briny deep." All who relish this great luxury of the season, will please send in their orders to

W. R. PEPPER, Agent.

November 7th, 1851.

NOTICE.

TAKEN up and committed to the Jail of Caswell County, on the 23d day of October, 1851, a Negro man, who says his name is SIMON, and that he belongs to John Segar, or Segars, of Chesterfield District, South Carolina. Said negro is about 36 years old, five feet, four or five inches high, his front upper teeth decayed, had on when taken up a Wool hat, dark brown Woolen coat and pantaloons. The owner is required to prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law directs.

F. A. WILEY, Sheriff.

October 24th, 1851.

Music and Pianos.

JUST RECEIVED, at the North Carolina Music Store, 2,000 pieces of new and elegant Music, among which may be found the songs of Miss Catherine Hayes, with correct lithographs of the "Swing of Erin." Also, the Bloomer Waltzes and Polkas, with beautiful colored vignettes of the Bloomer; also, Passadis, &c.

K. W. PETERSILIA.

September 26, 1851.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, being desirous to move, offers for sale his valuable Tract of Land, lying on Crabtree and Pine Creeks, six miles North-west of Raleigh, on the Hillsboro' road, a first rate stand for business. The tract contains 820 acres, only 40 acres of which is cleared, and is now fresh; the balance is rich and well timbered. A bargain can be had if early application is made.

STERLING SPIKES.

Wack County, Nov. 11, 1851.

"STILL THEY COME."

FOUR Cases more of Beebe's best Hat, latest style. Also, a few pieces North Carolina Cassimere, made at Rock Island Factory, Mecklenburg County; Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Dove Skin Cassimere, Calico, Domestic, Calf Boots, heavy double soled Brogans. Just received by

EVANS & COOKE.

Raleigh, Nov. 4th, 1851.

LAND FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale his tract of LAND, near Edgeborough, Johnston County, consisting of 335 acres, and embracing some very good soil and some fifteen thousand turpentine trees. The location is a good one for a Physician; and I will also sell my note of Medicines to any one wishing to purchase.

A liberal credit for the same will be given on note and good security.

E. R. POWER.

September 18, 1851.

By SAMUEL WARREN, P. R. S.

THE LILLY AND THE BEB: an Apologue of the Crystal Palace. Received this day by

HENRY D. TURNER.

N. C. Bookstore.

Raleigh, November, 1851.

By JOHN S. SPRINGER, Esq.

FOREST LIFE and Forest Trees: comprising Winter Camp-Life among the Loggers, and Wild-wood Adventure. Illustrated. For sale by

H. D. TURNER, N. C. Bookstore.

Raleigh, November, 1851.

FOR sale, Wholesale and Retail, at the N. C. Book

Turner's North Carolina Almanac, FOR 1852.

For sale by

HENRY D. TURNER.

October 24, 1851.

Elements of Algebra,

By Elias Loomis, Professor in the New York University. Received this day by

H. D. TURNER.

Raleigh, Sept. 27, 1851.

PORTIS' GOLD MINES FOR SALE.

ON Saturday the 20th day of December next, on the premises, I shall offer for sale, by virtue of a decree of the Court of Equity, entered in the matter of Thomas J. Portis and others, heirs at law of John Portis, deceased, the celebrated and far famed Gold Mines, known as the PORTIS' MINES.

These mines are situated in Franklin County about thirty miles from Halifax town, twenty miles from Warrenton, and eighteen from Louisburg.

The tract of land contains about 1800 acres, lying immediately on Shocco Creek, and for farming purposes alone, is a valuable estate; but its agricultural value is completely eclipsed by its immense value as a mine.

There have been few instances in North Carolina, where an estate of such vast magnitude has been offered for sale publicly.

These mines have been worked about 18 years, and it is estimated that a million of dollars have been dug out of them—and there are parts of them now as rich as the sands of the Sacramento.

A large portion of the lands—the very choice parts, were carefully reserved by the late proprietor, which he always called his "pocket stock."

The value and richness of these reserves are beyond all human calculations. An effort will be made to divide the mining lands, so as to bring the lots within the limits of individual enterprise—very few men being able to purchase a whole estate.

To the enterprising capitalist there is a most inviting field—even the portions that have been worked still abound with the precious ore, and those huge piles of rock and sand, by the ignorant thoughtless under the control of scientific men, would yield unnumbered thousands, after paying the cost of machinery and labor.

In many parts of the reserves it is believed that every cart-load of gravel will produce a penny-weight of gold dust. The water to wash is close at hand, and timber and fuel in abundance on the land. The dwelling house is large and convenient—a large number of framed logs, almost new, together with every necessary out house. This land is sold for division among the numerous heirs, and it must go for what it will bring. A credit of one, two and three years will be given and bonds bearing interest from the 1st of January next, will be required of the purchaser, and possession given on the 1st of January 1852. Letters addressed to me at Louisburg will receive prompt attention.

THOS. K. THOMAS, C. M. E.

Louisburg, Oct. 28, 1851.

MASONIC INSTITUTE.

GERMANTON, N. C.

GERMANTON LODGE NO. 116 of Ancient York Masons, take pleasure in informing their brethren of the order, and the public generally, that they are about establishing at Germanton, an institution of a high grade of scholarship, for the education of youth.

They, with many others, having long felt the want of a school of this character in this part of the South, have taken measures to build up an institution that will give to our young men every advantage for obtaining a thorough education in any part, or the whole of a College Course. Students can be prepared for any of the Colleges.

Mr. GEORGE M. EVERHART has been elected by the Board of Trustees as the PRINCIPAL. Mr. Everhart has had the experience of nearly seven years as Teacher—four years as the Principal of an Academy, and three as an instructor in one of the most popular colleges in the South. Marked success has attended his efforts in each of these departments. Moreover, if scholarship and untiring energy and a devotion to his profession, can recommend him to our people, he surely will receive their entire confidence. Several competent assistants will aid him, and such other means will be employed as will enable the School at once to a position of superior usefulness.

The Edifice is a very large and elegant brick building. Germanton is remarkable for its healthy location, and the morality of its citizens. Board can be obtained in our best families at the low price of \$6 per week.

The scholastic year is divided into two unequal sessions, the first commencing on Tuesday, the 1st of January, 1852, continues 15 weeks. The second, commencing on the third Monday in June, continues 27 weeks.

Prices of tuition are as follows:—
English Languages, \$35 per year.
Ancient Languages, 18 "
English and Mathematics, 18 "
The Primary branches, 14 "

The members of the Lodge are the Trustees of the Institute.

J. F. HILL,

Dr. R. GIBSON,

Dr. A. W. STEPHENS,

A. SCOTT,

J. A. BITTING,

D. B. JONES,

E. BAXTER,

Dr. W. WITHERS,

S. S. BLACKBURN.

Germanton, Oct. 20, 1851.

Important to Millers & Mill-Owners.

THE undersigned would respectfully inform those engaged in the Milling Business in N. C., that he keeps constantly on hand, and will supply at the shortest notice, that most invaluable article

YOUNG'S IMPROVED PATENT

SMUT AND SCREENING MACHINE.

The only Machine of the kind that has stood the test and given satisfaction to the public. It has surpassed every Smut Machine yet offered in the State, more or less of which has been taken down to make room for it. The public need fear no imposture, as there are now some 280 Machines running in N. C.; and I wish to offer no other references than the gentlemen who are using them, in whose expectations have been more than realized in their performance. It not only thoroughly cleanses the Wheat of smut, but also purifies it of all other substances, almost to perfection. It takes up but 4 feet square in the Mill, and requires but little power. It is warranted for five years against breaking or wearing out, and also to retain its cleaning qualities for that time.

There are a number of these Machines through which 100,000 bushels of Wheat have been cleaned, and they have never been out of order one day.

They are awarded to it the Premium at the Maryland State Fair, and a Premium with a Silver Medal, at the Fair of the Maryland Institute, at Baltimore, last Fall. Address the Subscriber at South Lowell Mills, Orange county, N. C. JNO. A. McMANNEN.

December 21, 1850.

NOTICE.

I HAVE just received and opened at my Store, a large assortment of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

bought for cash. You will find in the assortment a great many low priced Alpacaes, figured and plain, of all colors. Also, Merinoes, Delaines, Cashmeres, lower than ever in the market before. A lot of cheap Caps and Hats; a large stock of Boots and Shoes. Also, double and single barrel Guns and Pistols, and every article generally kept in a Dry Goods Store, and many articles not usually kept by Dry Goods Dealers.

The above Goods will all be sold at a low rate—a great deal lower than common, as I am determined to close out my stock before the Spring, as I have concluded to retire from business.

J. CREECH.

Raleigh, Oct. 20, 1851.

J. CREECH

Is daily expecting from Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Petersburg 250 barrels of rectified and common rye WHISKY, which will be sold at the lowest rates. As it is determined to close business in Raleigh before March next, all persons indebted to me by note or account, will please call and settle, or their accounts will be placed in an officer's hands for collection.

J. CREECH.

Raleigh, Nov. 2, 1851.

Sale of Valuable Real Estate.

IN OXFORD, N. C.

ON MONDAY, the 18th of December next, at the Court House Door, in the town of Oxford, I shall sell, by Public Auction, to the highest bidder, the House and Lot in said town, with the Lands thereto attached, for many years owned and occupied by Thomas B. Littlejohn, Esq.

It is not often that property so valuable and desirable is offered for sale. The improvements consist of a large well built two story Dwelling House, Kitchens, Dairies, Offices, Ice House, Granary, Carriage House, a large falling Garden, and all the other fixtures that usually belong to a well improved residence, in town or country. The Dwelling House is 56 by 40, with four good rooms and 12 feet passages on each floor, four rooms in the basement and two in the garret, and is situated in the midst of a beautiful grove of forest trees, of four or five acres in extent. There is no situation in this part of the country, which combines more advantages, as to residence, whether the object be elegance or comfort, or both together. Though not more than 250 yards from the Court House, it is as quiet and retired as a residence in the country.

Attached to the improved Lot, there is a Farm of some 120 or 180 acres, well watered, a Goodly tract, with 8 or 10 acres well adapted for Meadow land.

At any time before the sale, I will take pleasure in showing the premises to any one desiring to purchase.

One-third Cash, the residue in two equal annual payments; the title to be reserved until the whole purchase money is paid. Possession to be given immediately. I shall sell the above described property as Trustee appointed and decreed of the Court of Equity of Granville County, in the room of John Nuttall, deceased, the original Trustee named in a Deed in Trust executed to him by the said Thomas B. Littlejohn, and for other purposes. The title is unquestionable.

JAMES M. WIGGINS, Trustee.

Oxford, October 22, 1851. (pr. adv. \$8) 891—wtd

State of North Carolina, Franklin Co.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1851.

Young Patterson, Executor of Nathan Patterson, dec'd, against Erasmus Fenner and others, Heirs at Law of Dr. Richard Fenner, deceased.

Original Attachment levied on Land.

In this case, appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that Erasmus Fenner, who (whose names are unknown) but who are Heirs at Law of Dr. Richard Fenner, deceased, live beyond the limits of this State; it is ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard, a paper published in the City of Raleigh, for six successive weeks, for said Erasmus Fenner and others, who are Heirs at Law of Dr. Richard Fenner, deceased, to appear at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held for the County of Franklin aforesaid, on the 24th Monday in December, A. D. 1851, and reply, plead, answer, or demur, otherwise judgment pro confesso will be entered against them, and the Land levied on be condemned and ordered to be sold to satisfy the plaintiff's recovery and costs.

Witness, Young Patterson, Clerk of our said Court, at Office, the 24th Monday in September, 1851.

Y. PATTERSON, C. C. C.

October 25th, 1851. (pr. adv. \$6 25) 104—6w.

SMITHFIELD ACADEMY.

THE Second Session of this Preparatory School will commence on the 1st Monday in October next, under the Superintendence of Mr. Wm. A. Smith, a Graduate of a University of Pennsylvania, who comes recommended by Dr. Wm. A. Smith, President of Randolph Macon College.

The Trustees now flatter themselves, that the School is permanently established, and hope since they have taken every pains to secure the services of a highly educated gentleman, who is sustained by the friends of education in this portion of the State.

Smithfield, once looked upon as an unhealthy location, for the last 6 or 7 years become entirely regenerated; and will now rank first in healthfulness and beauty of appearance, among the Villages in the eastern half of the State.

Tuition per Session of 5 months:—
Reading, Writing and Spelling, \$ 6 00
Geography, Grammar and Arithmetic, 10 00
Higher Branches and Mathematics, 12 00
Greek and Latin, 18 00
Board can be obtained for from four to six dollars per month. By order of H. B. JELL, Secy.

Smithfield, August 25, 1851.

MILTON FACTORY AND MILLS.

J. B. Barrett & J. D. Newsom. Having purchased Mr. Thomas W. Holden's interest in the Milton Cotton Factory and Mills, Lands, Tenements, and debts due the Firm of Barrett, Newsom and Holden, will continue the Manufacturing and Milling as heretofore.

They are now putting in operation a set of Woolen Machinery, for the purpose of manufacturing

WOOLEN GOODS,

and will also have two good CARDING MACHINES in order the ensuing season, which will not only offer a market for the sale of Wool, but enable planters to get Domestic Woollens, Cotton Goods, and also Wool Rolls of the first quality.

They have in their employment the most experienced mechanics, and will endeavor to merit public patronage.

Milton, March 25, 1851.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber, as successor to Cooke and Buffale in the Livery business, will continue his operations in all its branches at his Stable on William Street, and will be the patronage of his old friends and the public generally.

His prices must be arranged agreeably to the prices of produce and labor, and will be from and after the 1st of February next, as follows:—
Pair of horses per month, 18 00
do do do week, 10 00
do do do day, 5 00
Quarterly settlements will be required in all instances, and persons having horses now in my care are requested to take away immediately, if unwilling to comply with all the above conditions.

JERE. NIXON.

January 23, 1851.

Baltimore Piano Manufactory.

Important Improvement.

ELASTIC UNIVERSAL TOUCH.

WISSE & BROTHER, Manufacturers of Boudoir, Square and Grand Pianos, request those wanting a first rate Instrument—one that Ladies can perform on with the greatest possible advantage, that is, in taste of style, of tone and touch, and that will stand of a certain time, and last a long time, to call and see for themselves a sample Instrument at the Agent's office—Dr. W. R. SCOTT'S.

These Instruments are more in general use in the City among the first critics of art and science, and to whom we have the honor of referring. See the manufacturer's circular, which may be obtained of the Agent. All Instruments warranted five years.

J. J. WISSE & BRO.

Dr. W. R. SCOTT, Agent.

Raleigh, Jan. 11, 1850.

1852.

POCKET Diary or Daily Remembrancer for 1852, containing a blank for every day in the year, for the record of interesting events, &c., &c.

For sale at

N. C. BOOK STORE.

October 29, 1851.

ORVIS' Celebrated Corn Starch,

Puddings, Pies, &c.

Just received at

TUCKER'S.

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES!

S. CRANE'S

Patent Compound Wash Mixture.

For Washing Clothes—Also, for Washing, Cleaning, and Beautifying Painted Surfaces, the Walls, Ceilings and Entries; the Halls, Parlors, and Rooms of Private and Public Buildings; the Fronts, Doors and Windows of Fancy Dwellings; the Pews and Interior of Churches; Furniture; the Berths, State Rooms and Cabins of Steamships, Steamboats, and Packet-Ships; Passenger Cars, Brasses, Iron Railings, Glass, &c., &c.

WARRANTED to give entire satisfaction, and destined to effect an entire revolution in the business of the laundress—being an improved Preparation for Washing Clothes perfectly, with astonishing facility and dispatch, and without injury to texture or color. Every family, of whatever size, can do all their washing in less than one hour, without the labor of rubbing, pounding, bleaching or the friction of a machine, thus saving time, expense and labor, and securing exemption from the disease caused by the exposure and fatigue incident to the usual mode of washing, while Clothing itself will be saved from the wear and tear of the wash-board and friction, and last much longer.

The undersigned, having purchased from the Patentee, the sole right and interest for the State of North Carolina, in his Patent Compound Wash Mixture, hereby invites the Public, that wishes to dispose of Family or Country Rights for the same.

Persons living at a distance, wishing to procure the right to make and use this Valuable Preparation, can do so, by remitting FIVE DOLLARS to me, at Raleigh, which amount will entitle them to a family right; which right shall be sent by mail immediately, with the proper directions to make and use the same. I am in possession of a large number of certificates from Ladies and Gentlemen of high standing, not only in this State, but in Maryland, Virginia and South Carolina; but I deem it unnecessary to fill a long Advertisement with them, unless so favorably known in all the Northern and Southern States.

I aim to visit all parts of the State at as early a date as possible, to give the Public an opportunity of testing its value.

JOHN J. CHRISTOPHER, is my authorized Agent for this City during my absence.

WESLEY WHITAKER, Jr., is the General Traveling Agent.

Feeling satisfied by the use of this Mixture in my own Family, that it cannot fail to please all who try it, I invite all to call and see or send in their orders to

J. J. RYALS.

Raleigh, Sept. 23, 1851.

NORTH CAROLINA

Mutual Life Insurance Company

OFFICE RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves. The greatest risk taken on a single life is \$5000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for \$45 their value.

Officers:
Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President,
Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician.

J. H. HERRMAN, General Agent.
All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN, Secretary.

April 28, 1850.

NORTH CAROLINA

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company has been in successful operation for more than five years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turbine Dredges), upon favorable terms. Its Policies now cover property amounting to \$4,500,000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is nearly Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.</

THE NOVELTY IRON WORKS

TO my old friends and the public generally, I am pleased to say, that I am now prepared at my

New Establishment, the

NOVELTY WORKS

IN THE

CITY OF RALEIGH,
North Carolina,

To execute in the very best manner, Locomotive and Stationary

STEAM ENGINES,

Saw and Grist Mills, Mill Gearing,

MACHINERY,

of every description,

IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS,

in every variety,

SCREW CUTTING,

of any desired length and calibre; having the most improved machinery for the purpose to be found North or South.

I employ none but the very best workmen, and expect to put out none but the very best work.

The Novelty Works are under the exclusive management of a practical Mechanic, Mr. H. G. BRUCE, who has no superior as an Engineer and Mechanic in any country. This establishment was erected exclusively for the benefit of the Citizens of North Carolina, and I can assure them that they need not go out of the State for anything in the above line of business, as I challenge the World to produce a finer STEAM ENGINE or a better MILL than can be purchased at my establishment.

I am now manufacturing several large and small

STEAM ENGINES

for Saw Mills to which, and to my facilities for Manufacturing them, I would respectfully, call the attention of the public.

All Communications must be post-paid and directed to

SILAS BURNS,

Raleigh, N. C.

November 14, 1851.

The Star will please copy.

MANTEO PAPER MILLS!

RALEIGH, N. C.

J. F. JORDAN, & Co. Proprietors.

THIS establishment, a few months since destroyed by fire, having been rebuilt and furnished with Gordon, Rice & Co's new Fourdriners Machinery, is again in successful operation, and turning out a very superior article of NEWS, PRINTING, AND WRAPPING PAPER. All orders will receive our best attention.

Dr. C. E. Johnson, having, by mutual consent, disposed of his interest to one of the partners, the style of the firm will be as heretofore.

JAMES F. JORDAN & CO.

November 18, 1851.

CALL AT PROCTER'S.

Sign of the R. R. R. R.,

AND examine that lot of NEW AND BEAUTIFUL CLOTHING, just arrived.

Fine Blue, Black, Brown, Green, and Olive Frock and Dress Coats, at unprecedented low prices.

Cheap Frock, Sack, and Over Coats, of every price and variety.

Superior Frocks and Over Coats, an entirely new and beautiful article, pronounced by all the most tasteful garment of the season.

Any or all of which will be sold extremely low for cash, or on usual terms to punctual customers.

ISAAC PROCTER.

Raleigh, Nov. 21, 1851.

PORTRAIT PAINTING.

PROFESSOR DEBENZNY, Miniature and Aquarrel Painter, begs leave to inform the citizens of Raleigh that he offers them his professional services during the present month. Having successfully practised the line arts in Europe and America, he flatters himself that he will be able to give satisfaction to his patrons. Some of his work may be seen at the two Book Stores, who have kindly granted that permission, and with whom orders for his services may be left, and which will receive prompt attention. He gives lessons in different styles of painting. Dwelling Guyon's HOTEL, Room No. 16.

November 14, 1851.

A New Southern Enterprise!

Encourage Home Talent and Industry.

THE ILLUSTRATED FAMILY FRIEND, a new and elegant paper, published at Columbia, South Carolina, and, Edited by S. A. Godman, solicits examination and challenges comparison with any Northern paper.

It is a large sheet, magnificently printed upon splendid paper, contains original tales, sketches, poetry, Agricultural articles, and whatever else will interest an intelligent community; besides four elegant Engravings each week. Terms. \$2 per annum; address

S. A. GODMAN & J. J. LYONS;

Columbia South Carolina.

Nov. 20, 1851.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber begs leave to announce to the citizens of Raleigh and its vicinity, that he will open about the 20th of this month, a large and well selected stock of BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, VALISES, ARRET BAGS, SATCHELS, &c., &c., which he proposes to sell at reduced prices for cash.

He hopes by keeping constantly on hand a well assorted stock, and by uniting skill and strict attention to business, to give satisfaction to all who may favour him with their patronage.

Farmers who have not purchased their Negroes SHOES, would find it to their interest not to do so until they examine his stock.

H. O. GILL.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 17, 1851.

GOODS AT WHOLESALE.

KAHNWEILER & BROTHER, respectfully inform Merchants, Planters and others, that they are prepared to supply any amount of DRY GOODS, READY MADE CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, &c., on the most favorable terms. They are successfully compete with any southern market, as all will find application.

We have the late Reading Room expressly fitted up the wholesale business.

Wilmington, Nov. 13, 1851.

NOTICE.

MIDDLE-AGED LADY is desirous of obtaining a situation in a family as a House-keeper, either in town or country. She would have no objection to taking charge of a public house. She would also, if desired, addition to her duties as House-keeper, give instruction to the Children of the family in the rudiments of English education.

Letters directed to A. B., Standard office, will meet her prompt attention.

Raleigh, Nov. 12, 1851.

NOTICE.

WAS entered on the Ranger's Book of Chatham County, on the 6th of November, 1851, by Jas. O'Kelley, living on the road from Raleigh to Chapel Hill, near Mooringsville, a white Horse, supposed to be between 12 and 15 years old, shod all round, rather coarse brands. JOSEPH HACKNEY, C. R.

November 13th, 1851.

ST. MARY'S SCHOOL,

RALEIGH, N. C.

THE 19th Term of this School will commence on the 7th of January, 1852, and continue five months.

For a circular containing full particulars, as to terms, pay to the Subscriber,

ALBERT SMEDES, Rector.

November 18th, 1851.

ash for 10,000 Bushels of Charcoal.

I am always in want, and always pay the very highest prices. Old Iron always in demand at a price at the

NOVELTY WORKS.

SILAS BURNS.

Raleigh, N. C.

Banks for Sale.

Blank Warrants and Blank Executions for Clerks, for sale at the Standard office.

LATE IMPORTATION OF RICH FANCY DRY GOODS, OF NEW DESIGNS, FROM LONDON AND PARIS, FOR THE WINTER TRADE OF THE CITY OF RALEIGH; FALL FASHIONS FOR 1851.

THE undersigned, having just received the remainder of his Fall and Winter supply of RICH FANCY DRY GOODS, in addition to those already announced, from the City of New York, making his assortment ample and complete, takes pleasure in informing the intelligent reader that he has now the satisfaction of presenting to the public.

The Heaviest, Richest, Best, Cheapest, and most Magnificent Stock of FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS,

he has ever had the honor to offer to the Ladies and Gentlemen of good taste, in this enlightened community and the surrounding country; comprising, in part, the following desirable articles:

FOR THE LADIES:
Rich Gros de Rhine and Brocade Silks,
Plain and figured Chamois Gros de Paris,
Super Matonean rich black Lustrated Silks,
Elegant Brocade and China Apple Green Silks and Satins,
Tuck Satins and Plain Silks,
Plain and figured Cashmeres and Delaines,
Embossed and plain Merinos,
Rich embroidered Robes and Fancy Bombazines,
Rich Valparaiso Dresses,
Beautiful Plain Cashmeres,
Plain and figured Silk Poplins,
Plain and figured Alpacaes, (all colors),
Red, Green, and Mode colored Paramallas,
500 pieces splendid British and American Prints,
50 " new style London Chintz Calicoes,
Rich Furniture Prints, of Cochineal dyes,
Plain and Plaid Fingeringhams.

FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR, &c.:
Super Blue, Black, and Fancy Cloths,
Black and Fancy China Cassimeres,
Tweed Cloth and Cough do,
Plaid Linsey and Marlboro' Stripes,
Irish Linen and Cotton Shirtings,
200 pieces Shetland Shirting, from 5 to 10 cents,
Tie, 10, and 12 1/2 Shetling,
White Jeans and Thread and Cotton Cloth,
White Yards and Canton Flannel,
Woolen Shirts and Drawers,
British and American Cotton Cloth,
Silk and Cotton Umbrellas,
Half Hose and Suspenders.

These Goods will be sold on the most accommodating terms, either at Wholesale or Retail, and the purchaser may rely upon getting more for the amount of money invested, than he ever did before.

Raleigh, November 4th, 1851. T. A. MITCHELL. 105-

NORTH CAROLINA FASHIONABLE JEWELER'S STORE.

Jewelry, Watches, &c.

3 DOZEN gold lever Watches, from 40 to \$150
4 doz. Silver " " 20 to 50, 00
A large Assortment of Fashionable Breast Pins,
Finger Rings, Ear Rings, gold Spectacles and Pencils,
Watch Chains, Seals and Keys, Lockets, Cuff Pins,
and Pins, Silver, Pearl, Tortoise Card Cases,
Plated Spectacle Cases and Spring Rings,
6 dozen silver spectacles, spring steel and plated do.
26 doz. silver Spoons, Ladles, Sugar Tongs and Cups,
A large assortment of G. S. plated spoons.

Forks and Knives for table use,
A large assortment of Razors and Knives,
Plated Castors and Candlesticks,
Plated Waiters and Baskets,
Assortment of Clocks from 6 to \$30,
Perfumery, Extracts, Cologne and Soaps,
Shaving, Hair, and Nail Brushes,
Money Purses and Pocket Books,
Tea Sets of Waiters, Table Knives and Sets,
Revolving Pistols, best quality,
Chinese Fans and Pocket Holders,
Walking Canes, &c., &c.

The above goods have just been purchased North and we think exceed any previous stock in Beauty and Fashion. We are better prepared to repair all kinds of Watches and Jewelry, having purchased Tools and Materials for doing every thing in our line.

PALMER & RAMSAY. 62-

Raleigh, June 11th, 1851.

E. L. HARDING, & Co.

DEALERS IN
GENTLEMEN'S CLOTHING.

Ready Made, of the First Quality.

Also, a complete assortment of
GENT'S DRESS GOODS,

Telegraph Building, Fayetteville St.
RALEIGH, N. C.

E. L. HARDING, S. & A. L. SCOTT & Co
Raleigh, July 30, 1851. 77-

DR. WILLIAM R. MILLER.

OFFICE ABOVE THE
LIFE INSURANCE OFFICE.

Raleigh, July 22nd, 1851. 76-

SAVAGE AND MEARES,

COMMISSION
AND
FORWARDING MERCHANTS

WILMINGTON, N. C.
August 12, 1851. 81-1y.

J. W. & C. C. PUGH,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
And Forwarding Agents,
GASTON, N. C.

Keep constantly on hand, and for sale,
LIME, SALT, TAR, BACON, FLOUR, &c.
Gaston, Jan. 10, 1850. 26-

JOHN C. PALMER'S

DAGUERRIAN GALLERY.

In his fully furnished Room warrants the Likenesses
perfect, and to please. His reputation is so well known
in North Carolina, it is useless to say more. Call at Pal-
mer and Ramsey's Jewelry Store.

Raleigh Nov. 25, 1850. 8-4f.

HURRAH FOR NORTH CAROLINA!

Home Industry must Succeed!

I am now prepared to manufacture DOOR LOCKS
with mineral Knobs, for 65 cents a piece, warranted
new, LOCKS up to \$150.

Also, MACHINERY made to order, and file-cutting,
new and old. Old Rice made as good as new.

JOSEPH WOLTERING. 90-1y.

NEW BOOKS.

LITERARY Reminiscences, from the Autobiography
of an English Opium Eater, by Thomas De Quin-
cey, 2 vol. \$1 50

MARGARET, a tale of the Real and Ideal, Black
and Bloom, &c., 2 vol. \$2 00

For sale by
W. L. POMEROY. 92-4

Comprehensive Tables

FOR the calculations of Earth Work, as connected
with Railways, Canals, Docks, Harbors, &c., giv-
ing the quantities for each Side and Slope at one view,
by a Practical Treatise on Earth Works, in general,
By Edward G. Hughes, Civil Engineer. For sale by

H. D. TURNER. 94-

This day received at the North Carolina Music Store,
another splendid lot of 7, 63 and 65 octave Pianos
from one of the best manufacturing establishments in
New York.

Raleigh, October 1, 1851. K. W. PETERSILLA. 95-

BAGGING, ROPE AND TWINE.

A LARGE supply, just received and for sale cheap,
by
W. H. & R. S. TUCKER. 98-

Raleigh, September 24, 1851.

By the Author of "Sam Slick."

RULE AND MISRULE of the English in Ame-
rica. By Judge Halliburton.

For sale by
H. D. TURNER, N. C. Bookstore. 2-

For sale.

A VERY good second handed PIANO, cheap can be
had at
Opposite the R. & G. R. Office.
Raleigh, Oct. 7, 1851. 98-

AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL

For the Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRON-
CHITIS, CROUP, ASTHMA, WHOOP-
ING COUGH AND CONSUMPTION.

This remedy is offered to the community with the
assurance, we feel in an article which seldom fails to
realize the happiest effects that can be desired. So
wide is the field of its usefulness, and so numerous the
cases of its cures, that almost every section of the coun-
try abounds in persons, publicly known, who have been
restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of
the lungs, by its use. When once tried, its superiority
over every other medicine of its kind, is too apparent to
escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the
public no longer hesitate to attribute to it the cure of the
dreadful and dangerous affections of the pulmonary
organs, which are incident to our climate. And not only
in the formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the
children it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that
can be obtained. No family should be without it, and
those who have tried it, never will.

Read the opinion of the following Gentlemen, who
will be recognized in the various sections of country
where they are located—each and all as merchants of
the first class and of the highest character—as the oldest
and most extensive Wholesale Dealers in Medicine with
an experience unlimited on the subject of which they
speak, in that it has any value in the judgment of expe-
rience, &c.

This Certificate.
We, the undersigned, Wholesale Druggists, having
been long acquainted with Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
heretofore certify that it is the best and most effec-
tual remedy for Pulmonary Complaints ever offered to
the American People. And we would, from our knowl-
edge of its composition, and its gentle and safe nature,
heartily commend it to the afflicted as worthy their best
confidence, and with the firm conviction that it will do
us all the good that medicine can.

Henshaw, Edmunds & Co., Boston, Mass.
Rogers & Co., Baltimore, Maryland.
Stiller, Slade & Co., Lexington, Mass.
Jacob S. Farrand, Detroit, Michigan.
T. H. McAllister, Louisville, Kentucky.
Francis & Walton, St. Louis, Missouri.
Joseph Tucker, Mobile, Alabama.
Haviland, Riley & Co., Augusta, Ga.
M. A. Stantes & Co., Norfolk, Va.
John Gilbert & Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
Z. D. & W. H. Gilman, Washington, D. C.
J. Wright & Co., New Orleans, La.
Watson, Wall & Co., Fort Wayne, Ind.
C. C. Richmond & Co., San Francisco, California.
Lewis & Ames, Tallahassee, Florida.
N. R. Strong, Knoxville, Tennessee.
Stiller, Slade & Co., Lexington, Mississippi.
B. D. Labadie, Galveston, Texas.
Joseph M. Turner, Savannah, Ga.
Wade, Eckstein & Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

With such assurances, and its gentle and safe nature,
it can be added, except that found in its effects
upon the afflicted.

Prepared and sold by James C. Ayer, Practical Chemist,
Lowell, Mass.

Sold in Raleigh by Williams, Haywood & Co., and
by Druggists throughout the State.

September 6, 1851. 884-w8m.

TO RAIL ROAD CONTRACTORS.

OFFICE OF THE NORTH CAROLINA RAIL ROAD CO.,
GREENSBORO, OCT. 24, 1851.

BIDS for the following work on the line of said Road
will be received at the Office in this place until the
15th December next, when the Lettings will take
place at said Office, viz:

For the Grading and Masonry of the following Sec-
tions of the Second Division of said Road, viz: Sec-
tions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16,
30, 31, 32, 33 and 34.

For the Grading and Masonry of Sections 1, 2, and
3 of the Fourth Division, as they may be finally deter-
mined upon by the Engineer.

For the Masonry and Superstructure of the following
Bridges, viz: across Crabtree, two across One
Back Creek, and across River, on the Second Divi-
sion.

For the Masonry and Superstructure of a Bridge across
Deep River on the Third Division.

For the Grading and Superstructure of the following
Bridges on the Fourth Division, viz: across the Yadkin
River, Irish Buffalo, Rocky River, Caudle Creek, and
Sugar Creek.

Contractors for the Grading and Masonry on the Sec-
tions, and for all the Bridges except the Yadkin Bridge
will be expected to take Stock to the amount of one-half
of their bid, and to hold the same until they are paid
upon, or whether they propose to take such stock as may
be assigned them by the Board.

Bidders for the Yadkin Bridge will accompany their
bids with the amount of Stock they propose to take, and
state what stock they bid upon, or whether they pro-
pose to take such stock as may be assigned them by the
Board of Directors.

Separate bids will be received for the Masonry and
for the Superstructure of the Bridges.

From and after 15th November until the letting, es-
timates of the Grading and Masonry, and profiles of the
Road; and estimates of the Masonry and Superstruc-
ture of the Bridges, and the plans and drawings for the
same, may be seen at the Office of the Rail Road.

Bids may be forwarded by mail addressed, "Pre-
sident of the N. C. Rail Road, Greensboro; N. C."

J. M. MOREHEAD,
President of N. C. Rail Road.
103-51w.

NOTICE.

OFFICE OF THE N. C. RAIL ROAD,
GREENSBORO, OCT. 23, 1851.

IT is ordered by the President and Directors of the
North Carolina Rail Road Company, that the
Stockholders pay into the Treasury of said Company
ten dollars upon each share of stock held by them in
said Company, on or before the 8th day of January,
1852; and that interest be charged upon any de-
ferred payment from and after the 1st day of February,
1852.

For the convenience of Stockholders, payments made
to the Bank of the State, at Raleigh, and to the Bank
of Cape Fear, at Salisbury, to the credit of the Treas-
urer of said Company, and the certificate forwarded to
the Treasurer, will be received in full.

C. P. MENDENHALL, Treasurer.
103-41w.

State of North Carolina, Granville Co.

SUPERIOR COURT OF LAW, December Term, 1851.

William Wilson vs. Elizabeth Wilson—Petition for
Divorce.

In this case it appearing that a copy of the petition
and subpenas were issued to the defendant in man-
ner and in such case as the law requires, and that the
return thereon being that the Defendant is not to be
found, proclamation is publicly made at the Court House
door by the Sheriff for the said defendant to appear and
answer as commanded by the subpoena, and the said
defendant failing to appear it is ordered by the Court
that publication for three months be made in the North
Carolina Standard for the said Elizabeth Wilson to be
and appear at the Superior Court, to be held for the
County and State aforesaid, at the Court House in Ox-
ford, on the first Monday of March next, and answer to
the plaintiff's petition.

Witness, Benjamin C. Cooke, clerk of our said Court,
at Office, in Oxford, the 24th day of October, A. D. 1851.

BENJ. C. COOKE, c. c. c.
Oct. 27, 1851. (Pr. Adv. \$7.50) 108-3m.

\$500 REWARD.

BROKE JAIL, and ran away in November last,
from Paulding, Jasper County, Miss., the Negro
slave BEN, alias AMZI, aged 30 or 35 years, 5 feet
10 inches high, with a scar on his face, and a white
scar above the right eye, running back into the hair;
the other on his cheek bone, running towards the mouth; also
scars on the knees and on the left arm, caused by burns.
He was purchased from Theo. N. Gadden, of Charleston, S. C., in August, 1850, by the subscriber's father. It is
represented himself as a free man, and he will probably
be paid to any person who will detect the said slave, and
bring him in jail, so that he can be obtained.

THOS. P. FRITH, Holmestown, 103-2m.

Swedish-Bornian Reviewed.

S. Y. Enoch Powell, D. D., Prof. in the Theological
Seminary, Bangor, Maine.

For sale by
H. D. TURNER. 001-w

October 16, 1851.

LEATHER FOR FALL TRADE.

AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

WE respectfully announce to our friends and the
trade, generally, that we have determined to spare
no efforts on our part to give Petersburg a Leather and
Findling Establishment, whose stock shall compare favor-
ably with that of any house, North or South. We are
receiving from the importers and manufacturers of the
Northern Cities one of the largest and best selected
stocks we have ever known in this market, and we pledge
ourselves to offer our goods as low as any South of New
York, and many cities as low, if not lower, than they
can be had, even there, as we have now in full opera-
tion a large and well arranged Tannery, from which we
shall be receiving Leather regularly.

We have also a Broom of our own manufacture, which
we warrant a superior article.

Also, Shoemakers' Tools and Lests, together with
many other articles usually found in similar establish-
ments, all of which will be sold in accordance with the
above statement; and the only way we can prove this, is
for purchasers to come and examine for themselves, and
we shall be content to abide the result.

F. A. & R. H. FOSTER,
Old Store,
opposite P. M. Harrison's Saddlery,
Petersburg, August 13, 1851. 83-1f.

E. L. HARDING, & Co.

WOULD observe, that, as the season draws on, for
Fall and Winter Clothing, they have anticipated
the wants of the people, and have secured a large stock
of all the goods that are in vogue, and they are now
able to offer them at a call, their assortment,
consisting of

Drab, Black, and Blue Beaver Cloth
Overcoats and Sacks.

We would call your attention particularly to the as-
sortment of Overcoats, as it embraces every desirable
and latest style. Our PATENTS are excellent. Fastidious
as well as men of Fashion, can find something to
please them.

In fact, the only difficulty will be to choose from
rather than to find any particular style or color.

In the assortment of VESTS, you will find rich Cut
Velvet, Merino of all colors, Silk, light and dark Cas-
simeres and Valencia, some of which will be sold at a
customer.

Our furnishing Department is complete and full, and
we hardly need it necessary for us to enumerate all the
articles comprised under that head. You will find how
ever, a large assortment of Shirts, Drawers, Gloves, Sun-
bonnets, Cravats, Hic's Socks, Cotton and Merino.

Call and examine our stock, we shall be glad to show
our goods at all times, regardless of trouble, sale or no
sale.

E. L. HARDING,
Telegraph Building, Fayetteville St.
Raleigh, Sept. 29, 1851. 94-

NORTH CAROLINA MUSIC STORE,

K. W. PETERSILLA,
One Door North of the City Hall, Fay. St.
RALEIGH, N. C.

From the liberal patronage which the
Subscriber has received since his establishment
in business, he has been enabled not
only to replenish but to extend his stock, and
IS NOW OPENING

A Splendid Assortment of New and Popular Music
and a larger and better selected variety of
Musical Instruments

than has ever before been offered in this State.

He is also prepared to furnish Gift Frames of any size
with or without pictures.

Also materials for Drawing, as engravings for patterns,
and superior pencils.

He has also furnished himself with materials for re-
pairing Accordions, as pearl for keys, reeds, &c., and
will execute all orders with neatness and dispatch.

In his list may also be found splendid copper-plate
engravings, for framing. In short, his is an assortment
intended to please the refined taste of the community.

He is also prepared to furnish Gift Frames of any size
with or without pictures.

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intended to please the refined taste of the community.

He is also prepared to furnish Gift Frames of any size
with or without pictures.

Also materials for Drawing, as engravings for patterns,
and superior pencils.

He has also furnished himself with materials for re-
pairing Accordions, as pearl for keys, reeds, &c., and
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